

TIMED AUTOMATA

LECTURE 5

System

Specification

$$\mathcal{L}(B) \subseteq \mathcal{L}(A)$$



Is $\mathcal{L}(B) \cap \overline{\mathcal{L}(A)}$ empty?



If A is **deterministic**, inclusion can be solved

System

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If A is **deterministic**, inclusion can be solved

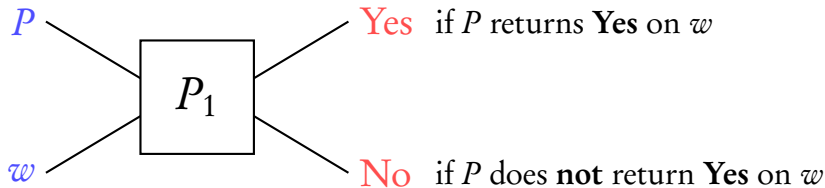
Q: Given general A and B , can we **decide** if $\mathcal{L}(B) \subseteq \mathcal{L}(A)$?

Language inclusion is
undecidable

Coming Next: short recap of undecidability

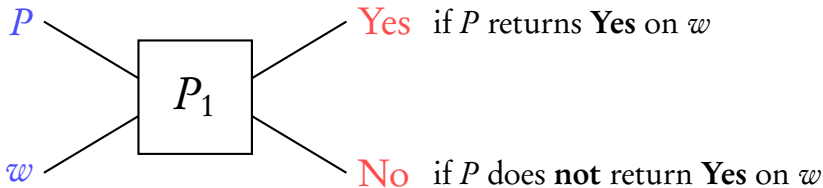
P : an arbitrary **boolean program** (string)

w : an arbitrary **string**

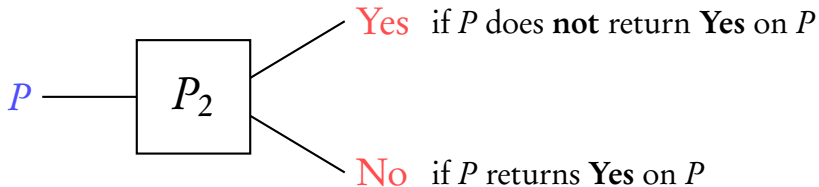
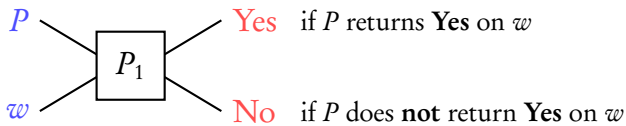


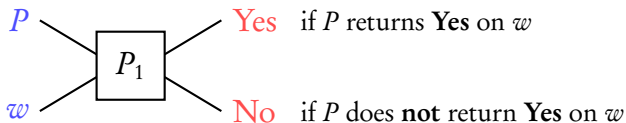
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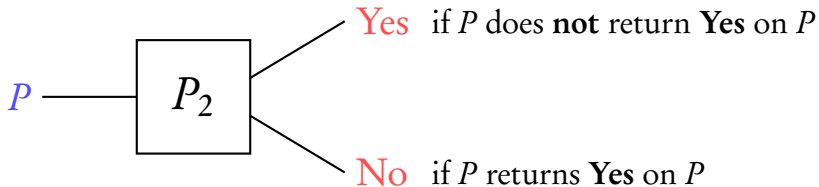


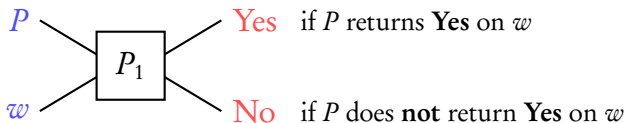
Can program P_1 exist?



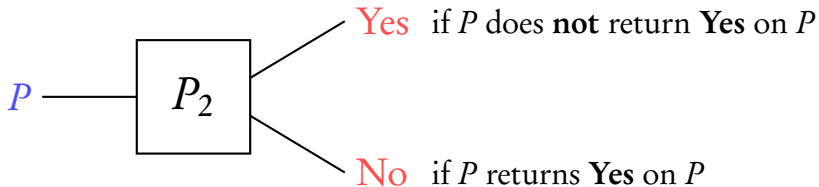


If P_1 exists, then P_2 **exists**



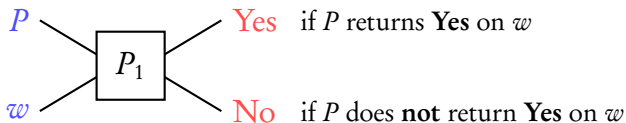


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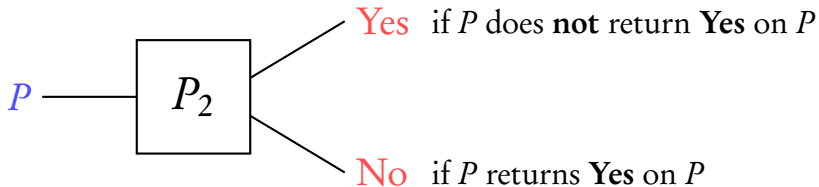


P_2 returns **Yes** on P_2 if P_2 does **not** return **Yes** on P_2

P_2 returns **No** on P_2

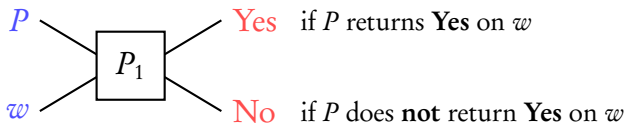


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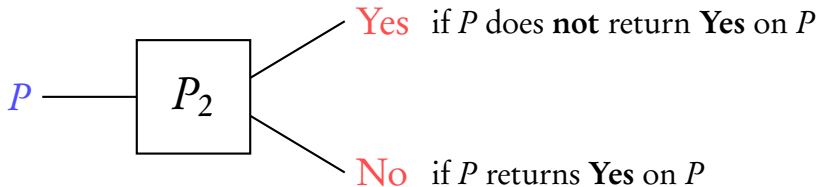


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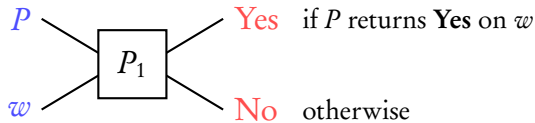
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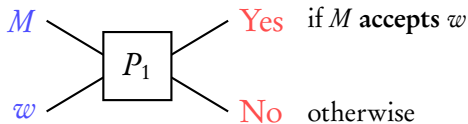
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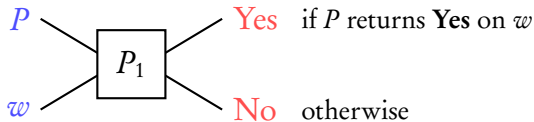
P_2 returns **No** on P_2 if P_2 returns **Yes** on P_2

P_2 cannot exist $\Rightarrow P_1$ **cannot exist**

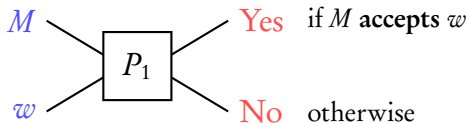


Turing machine
2-counter machine
...





Turing machine
2-counter machine
...



Membership problem for 2-counter machines (MP)

Given a **2-counter machine** M and an arbitrary string w , checking if M **accepts** w is **undecidable**

Goal of this lecture

Timed regular languages are **powerful** enough to **encode** computations of **2-counter machine**

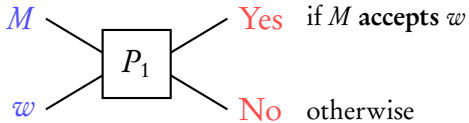
We will see:

If there is an algorithm for TA language inclusion,
then there is an algorithm for MP

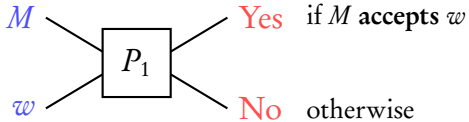
Reduce: MP $\longrightarrow$ TA language inclusion.

undecidable.

2-counter machine

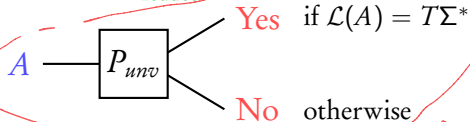


2-counter machine



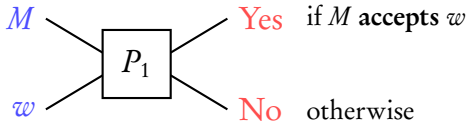
reduce

Timed automaton



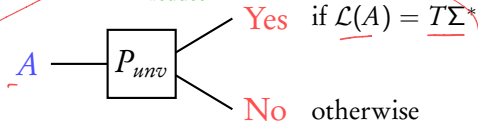
$\mathcal{L}(A) \subseteq \mathcal{L}(B)$

2-counter machine



reduce

Timed automaton

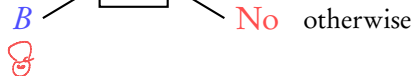


reduce

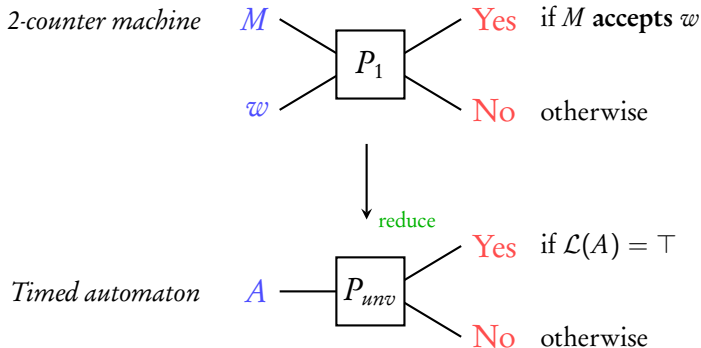
Timed automaton



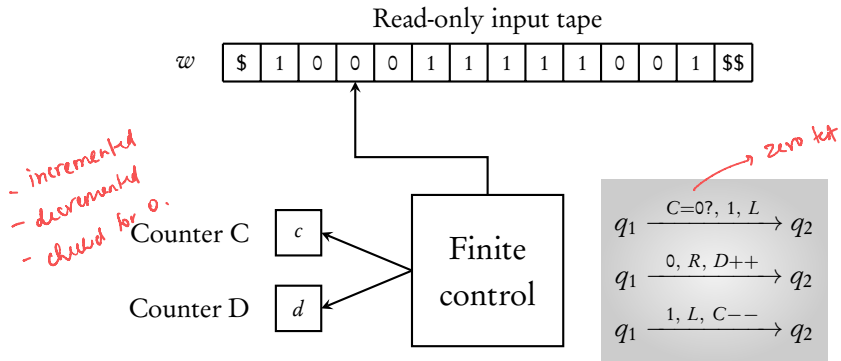
Timed automaton



Coming next...



2-counter machines



Computation: $\langle q_0, w_0, 0, 0 \rangle \langle q_1, w_{i_1}, c_1, d_1 \rangle \cdots \langle q_i, w_{i_i}, c_i, d_i \rangle \cdots$

Accept: if **some** computation **ends** in $\langle q_F, *, *, * \rangle$

Goal 1

Given M and w

define **timed language** L_{undec} s.t

M accepts w iff $L_{undec} \neq \emptyset$

Words in L_{undec} **encode accepting computations** of M on w

Configuration of a 2-counter machine:

$$\langle q, w_k, c, d \rangle$$

$$\langle q, 5, c=10, d=2 \rangle$$

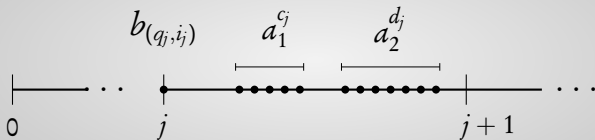
$$b_{(q,5)} a_1^{10} a_2^2$$

Encoding as a word over alphabet: $\{a_1, a_2, b_i\}$

where $i \in Q \times \{0, \dots, |w| + 1\}$

$$b_{(q,k)} a_1^c a_2^d$$

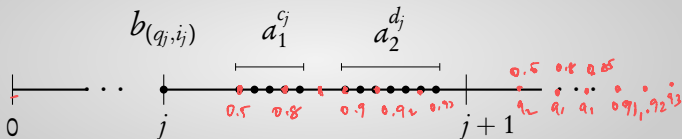
$$\langle q_0, w_{i_0}, 0, 0 \rangle \cdots \langle q_j, w_{i_j}, c_j, d_j \rangle \cdots \langle q_m, w_{i_m}, c_m, d_m \rangle$$



Encode the j^{th} configuration in $[j, j+1)$

$$\langle q_0, w_{i_0}, 0, 0 \rangle \cdots \langle q_j, w_{i_j}, c_j, d_j \rangle \cdots \langle q_m, w_{i_m}, c_m, d_m \rangle$$

$\langle 2, 3 \rangle < \langle 3, 3 \rangle$



Encode the j^{th} configuration in $[j, j+1)$

- ▶ if $c_{j+1} = c_j$, $\forall a_1$ at time t in $(j, j+1)$, $\exists a_1$ at time $t+1$
- ▶ if $c_{j+1} = c_j + 1$,
 $\forall a_1$ at time t in $(j+1, j+2)$ **except** the last one,
 $\exists a_1$ at time $t-1$
- ▶ if $c_{j+1} = c_j - 1$,
 $\forall a_1$ at time t in $(j, j+1)$ **except** the last one,
 $\exists a_1$ at time $t+1$

(same for counter d)

L_{undec} : encodes the **accepting computations**

Timed word $(\sigma, \tau) \in L_{undec}$ iff

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Timed word $(\sigma, \tau) \in L_{undec}$ iff

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$\langle q_0, w_{i_0}, c_0, d_0 \rangle \langle q_1, w_{i_1}, c_1, d_1 \rangle \cdots \langle q_m, w_{i_m}, c_m, d_m \rangle$ is accepting

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- ▶ each b_{i_j} occurs at time j

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► each b_{i_j} occurs at time j

- a_1 's and a_2 's occur at different time stamps.

► if $c_{j+1} = c_j$, $\forall a_1$ at time t in $(j, j+1)$, $\exists a_1$ at time $t+1$

- No two a_1 's occur at the same time.

► if $c_{j+1} = c_j + 1$,

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Goal 1

Given M and w

define **timed language** L_{undec} s.t

M accepts w iff $L_{undec} \neq \emptyset$

Words in L_{undec} **encode accepting computations** of M on w

Done!

Goal 2

Given M and w

construct a **timed automaton** $\mathcal{A}_{undec}$

for the **complement** language $\overline{L_{undec}}$

Maciejko's
if $L_{undec} \neq \emptyset$
 $\Downarrow$
 $L_{undec} \neq \Sigma^*$ universal

Goal 2

Given M and w

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M **accepts** w iff $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A}_{undec}) \neq T\Sigma^*$

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→ reduction to universality of TA

$\overline{L_{undec}}$: words that **do not** encode **accepting** computations

Timed word $(\sigma, \tau) \in \overline{L_{undec}}$ iff

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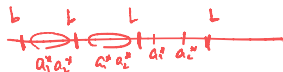
Timed word $(\sigma, \tau) \in \overline{L_{undec}}$ iff

- ▶ **either**, there is **no** *b*-symbol at some **integer** point *j*

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Timed word $(\sigma, \tau) \in \overline{L_{undec}}$ iff

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- ▶ **or**, final b -symbol denotes **non-accepting** state



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Timed word $(\sigma, \tau) \in \overline{L_{undec}}$ iff

- ▶ **either**, there is **no** *b*-symbol at some **integer** point j $\mathcal{A}_0$
- ▶ **or**, there is a $(j, j + 1)$ with a subsequence **not** of the form $a_1^* a_2^*$ $\mathcal{A}_1$
- ▶ **or**, **initial** subsequence in $[0, 1)$ is wrong $\mathcal{A}_{init}$
- ▶ **or**, some transition of M has been **violated** in the word $\mathcal{A}_t$ for each transition t of M
- ▶ **or**, final *b*-symbol denotes **non-accepting** state $\mathcal{A}_{acc}$

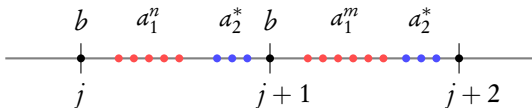
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Required $\mathcal{A}_{undec}$: **union** of $\mathcal{A}_0, \mathcal{A}_1, \mathcal{A}_{init}, \mathcal{A}_{t_1}, \dots, \mathcal{A}_{t_p}, \mathcal{A}_{acc}$

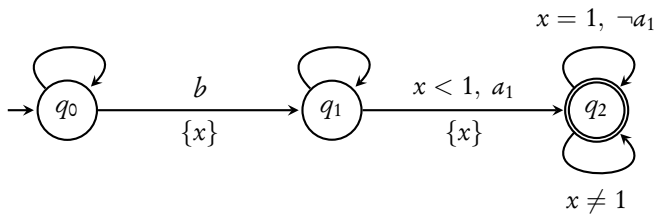
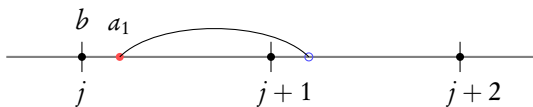
Crux



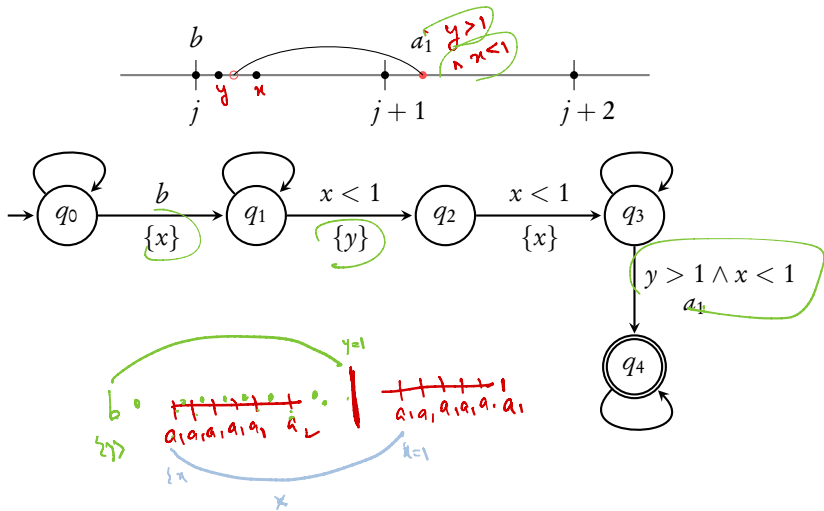
With our encoding, can timed automata express that $n \neq m$?

1. $\exists a_1$ at time $t \in (j, j+1)$ s.t. there is no a_1 at $t+1$, or
2. $\exists a_1$ at time $t \in (j+1, j+2)$ s.t. there is no a_1 at $t-1$

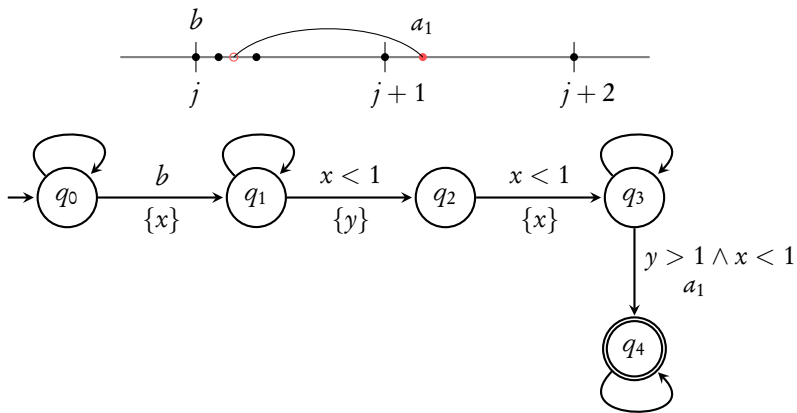
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$\exists a_1$ at time $t \in (j+1, j+2)$ s.t. there is no a_1 at $t-1$



Need only **two** clocks!

$\overline{L_{undec}}$: words that **do not** encode **accepting computations**

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Required $\mathcal{A}_{undec}$ can be constructed using **two** clocks

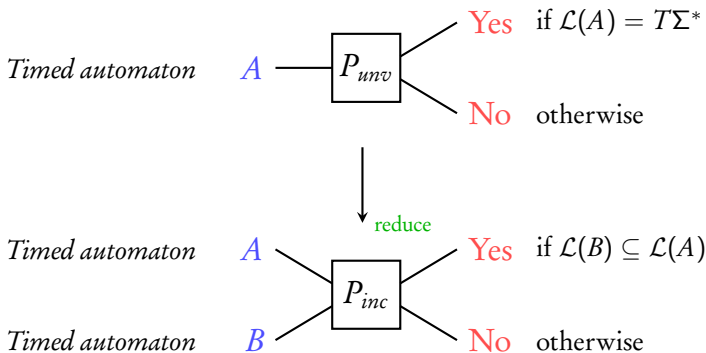
M accepts w iff $\mathcal{L}(A_{undec}) \neq T\Sigma^*$

Universality for TA

The universality problem is **undecidable** for TA with **two clocks or more**

A theory of timed automata

Alur and Dill. *TCS*'94



Put B as the **trivial** single state automaton **accepting** $T\Sigma^*$

$$\mathcal{L}(A) = T\Sigma^* \quad \text{iff} \quad \mathcal{L}(B) \subseteq \mathcal{L}(A)$$

Language inclusion

The problem $\mathcal{L}(B) \subseteq \mathcal{L}(A)$ is **undecidable** when A has **two clocks or more**

A theory of timed automata

Alur and Dill. *TCS*'94